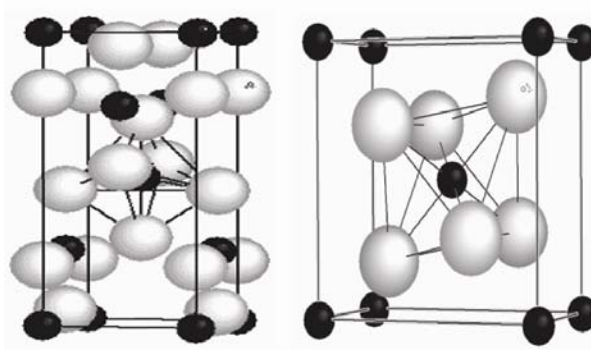
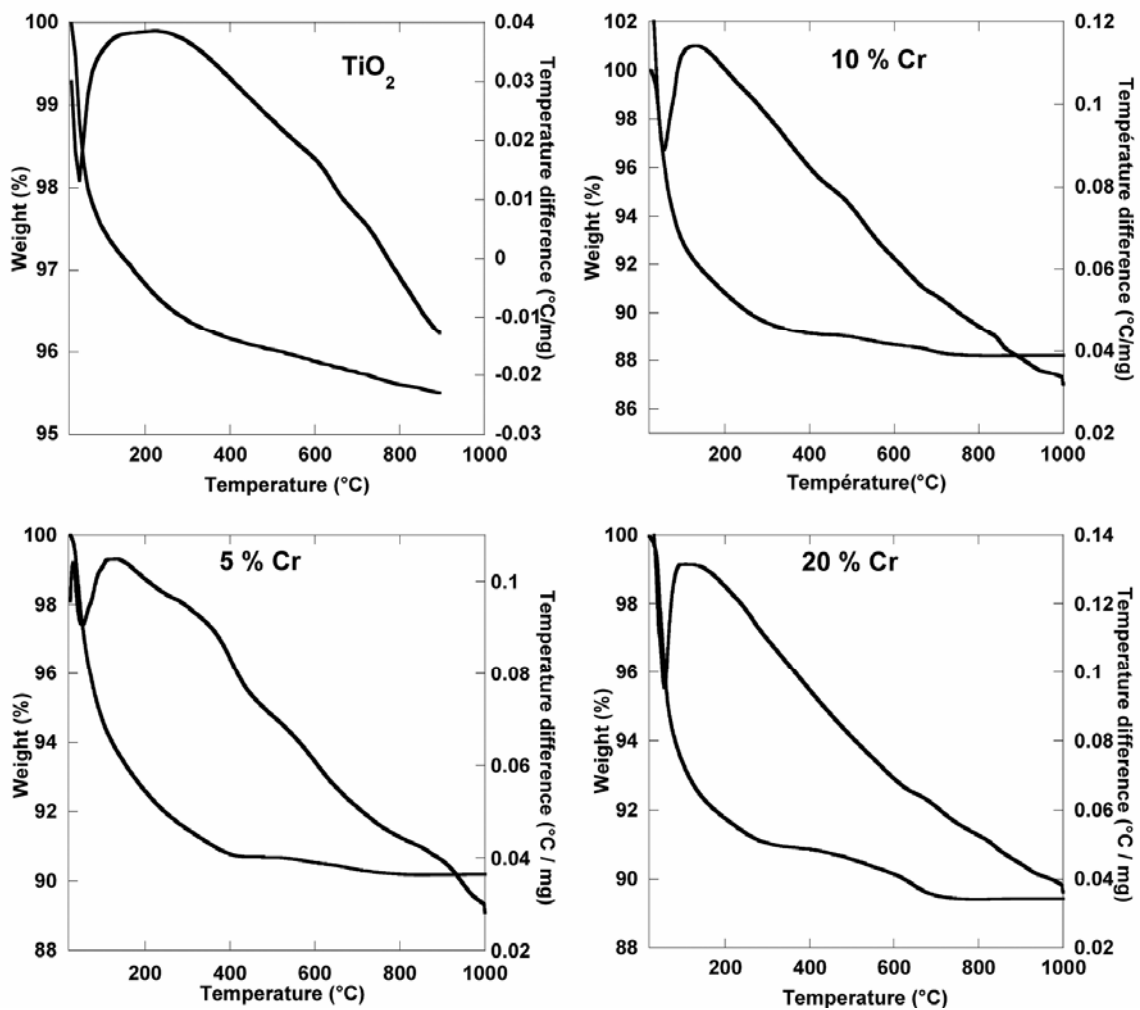


Electronic Supplementary Material

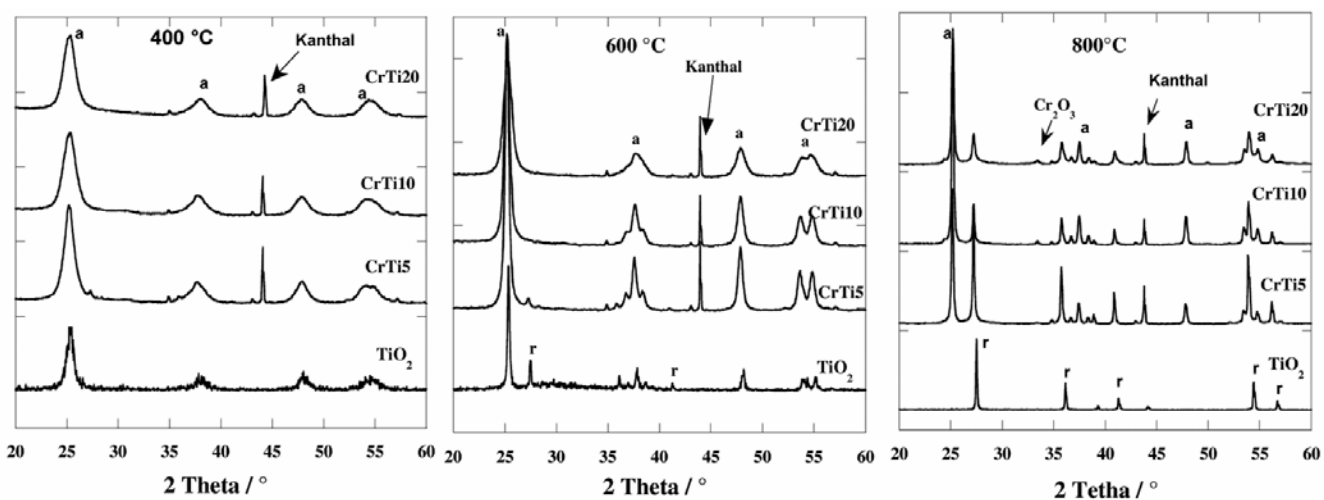
**Study of effect of chromium on titanium dioxide phase transformation  
by A Bellifa (pp 669–677).**



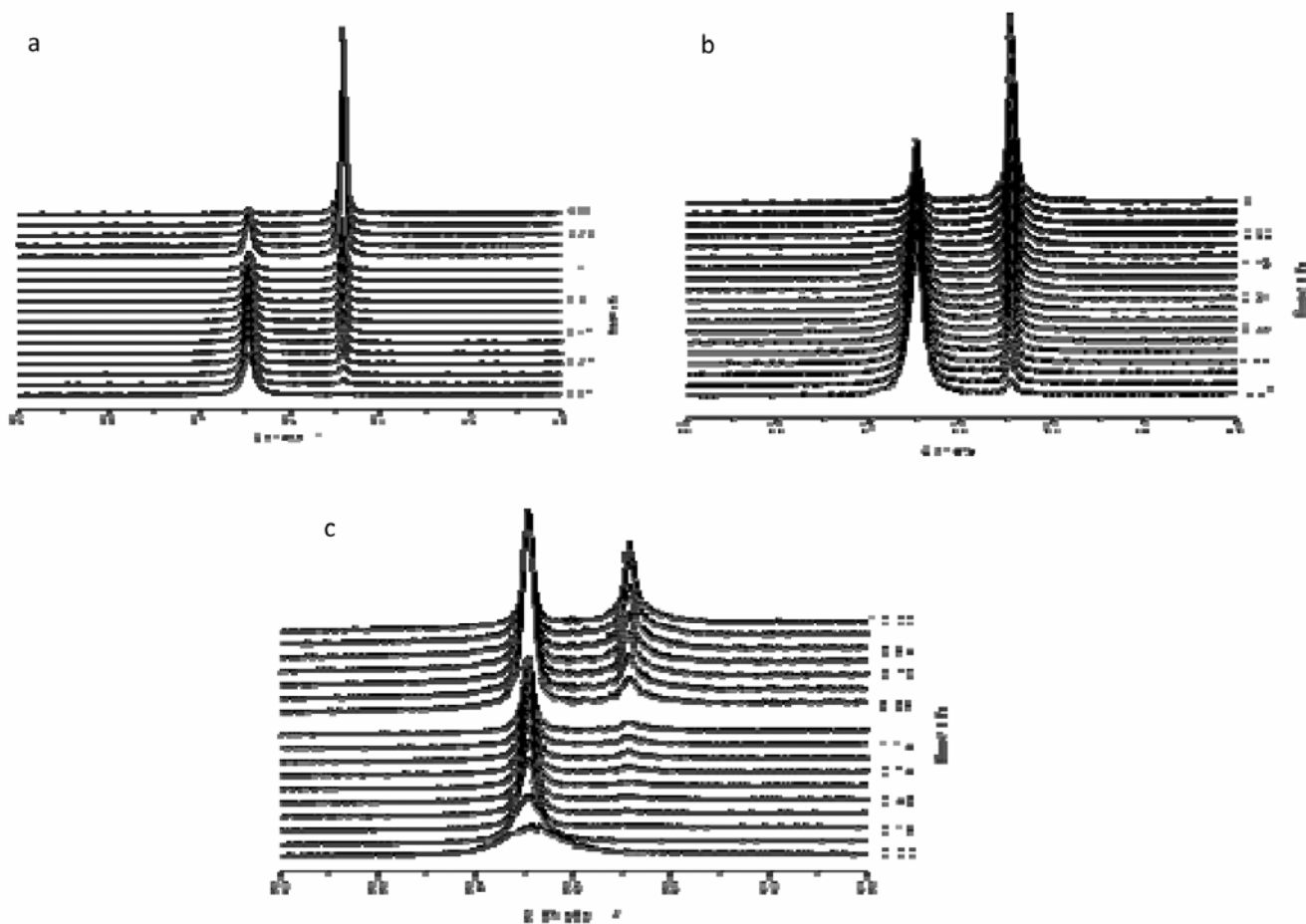
**Figure S1.** Structural schemes of anatase to rutile transition.



**Figure S2.** Analysis ATG-ATD for different samples.



**Figure S3.** *In situ* XRD diffractograms of CrTiX; a: anatase, r: rutile.



**Figure S4.** XRD diffractograms of anatase-rutile transition vs time: (a) TiO<sub>2</sub> at 650 °C, (b) CrTi<sub>5</sub> at 750 °C and (c) CrTi<sub>20</sub> at 750 °C.

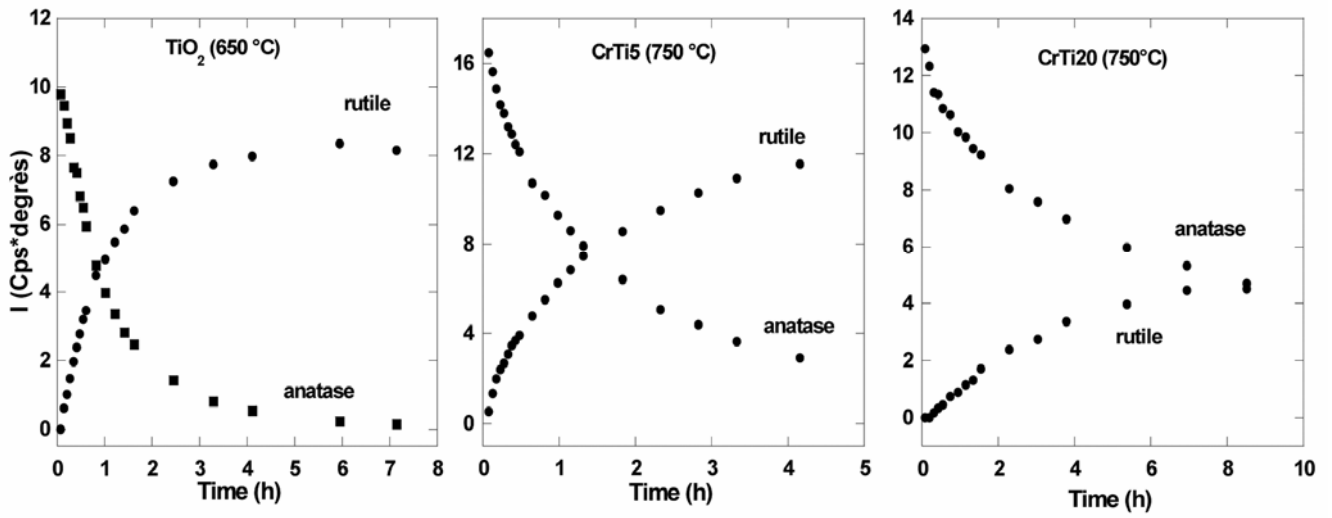


Figure S5. Evolution of anatase and rutile phase vs time.

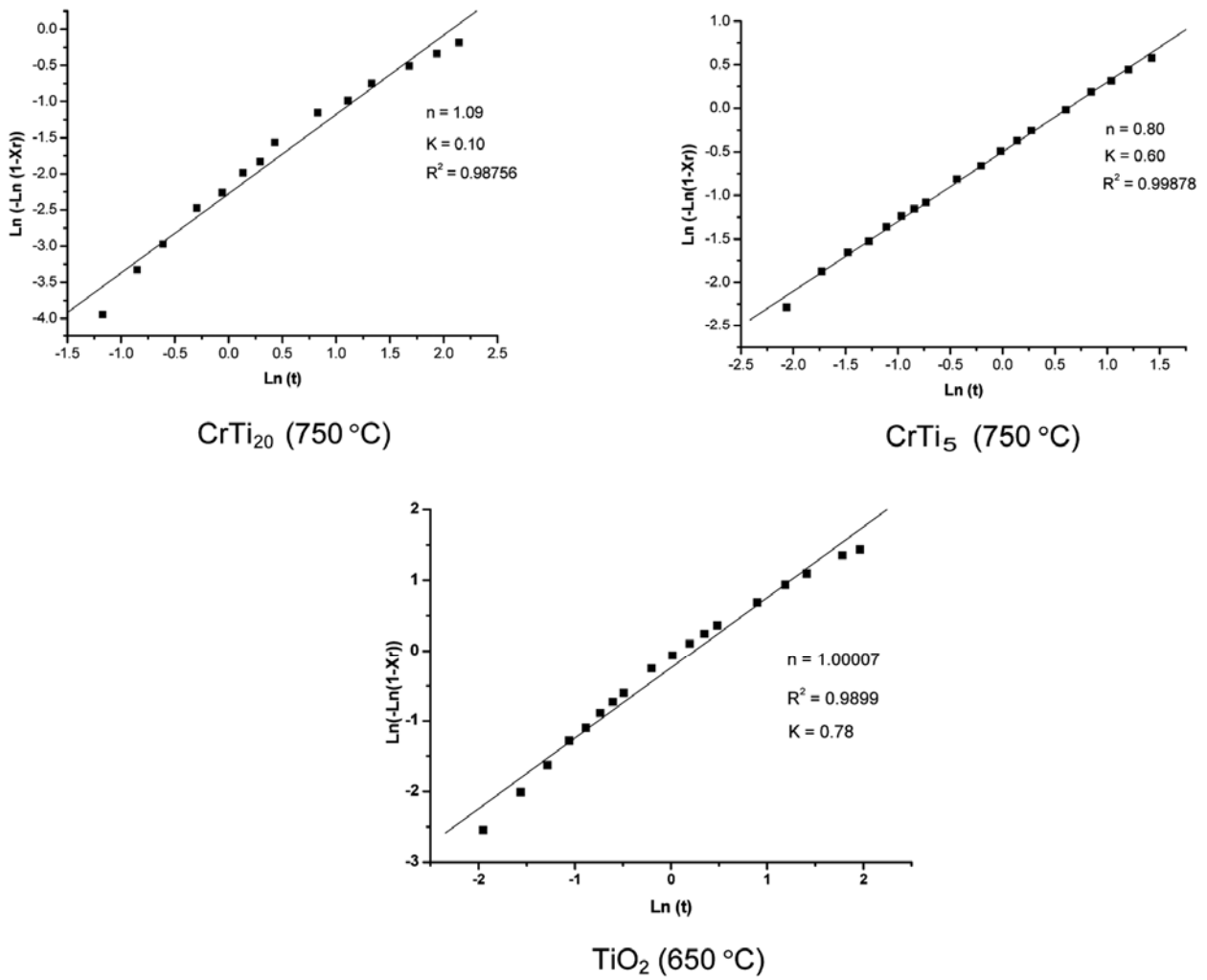
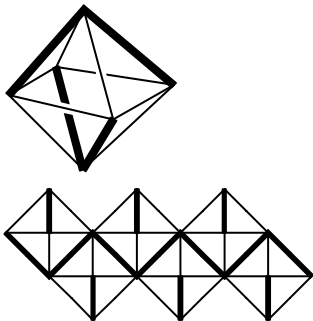
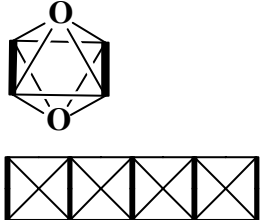


Figure S6. Avrami plot.

**Table S1.** Physical, chemical and structural parameters of anatase, brookite and rutile phases.

Parameters	Anatase	Brookite	Rutile
PDF ref.	21-1272	29-1360	21-1276
Space group	Tetragonal $I4_1/amd$ (141)	Orthorhombic $Pcab$ (61)	tetragonal $P4_2/mmm$ (136)
Parameters	$a = 3.78520$ $c = 9.51390$	$a = 5.45580$ $b = 9.18190$ $c = 5.14290$	$a = 4.59330$ $c = 2.95920$
Z	4	8	2
Volume ( $\text{\AA}^3 \cdot (\text{TiO}_2)^{-1}$ )	34.078	32.204	31.215
Density ( $\text{g} \cdot \text{cm}^{-3}$ )	3.893	4.120	4.250
$\Delta_f H^\circ$ (298) ( $\text{kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$ )	-941.40		-944.75
$S^\circ$ (298) ( $\text{J} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$ )	49.907		50.292
Melting point ( $^\circ\text{C}$ )	1676		1843
Ti-O ( $\text{\AA}$ )	$4 \times 1.9341$ ; $2 \times 1.9798$	1.87 to 2.04	$4 \times 1.9486$ ; $2 \times 1.9799$
Octahedral packing	$2 \times 2$ shared edges 8 free edges	3 shared edges 4 corners 5 free edges	2 parallel shared edges 2 corners 10 free edges
Coordination scheme			
Ti-Ti ( $\text{\AA}$ )	$4 \times 3.0396$ (tetra) $4 \times 3.7852$ (square) $8 \times 5.4582$ (cell)		$2 \times 2.9592$ (linear) $8 \times 3.5691$ (cell) $4 \times 4.5933$ (square)

**Table S2.** Surface area, porous volume and pore size of the samples.

Sample	$S_{\text{BET}}$ ( $\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{g}^{-1}$ )	Pore volume ( $\text{cm}^3 \cdot \text{g}^{-1}$ )	Average pore size (nm)	$S_{\text{XRD}}$ ( $\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{g}^{-1}$ )
TiO <sub>2</sub>	68	0.06	3.60	154
CrTi <sub>5</sub>	180	0.22	5.00	220
CrTi <sub>10</sub>	230	0.19	3.30	257
CrTi <sub>20</sub>	152	0.10	2.60	257

Samples calcined at 400  $^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Table S3.** Phase composition and crystallite size (in parenthesis (nm)) vs temperature.

T ( $^\circ\text{C}$ )	TiO <sub>2</sub>		CrTi <sub>5</sub>		CrTi <sub>10</sub>		CrTi <sub>20</sub>	
	%A	%R	%A	%R	%A	%R	%A	%R
400	100(10)	0	100(07)	0	100(06)	0	100(06)	0
500	100(16)	0	100(10)	0	100(13)	0	100(07)	0
600	85(27)	15(41)	100(16)	0	100(13)	0	100(09)	0
700	2(37)	98(36)	97(22)	3(32)	100(22)	0	100(20)	0
800	0	100(40)	53(32)	47(37)	82(32)	18(39)	88(30)	12(35)

A: anatase; R: rutile; T: temperature.